1. Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Development & Implementation

**Purpose**
1. To encourage agricultural producers to develop and submit a four-year voluntary nutrient management plan to the local SWCD Board of Supervisors for approval
2. To increase producer collection and use of soil test results to develop nutrient recommendations
3. To properly utilize commercial fertilizer, manure and/or organic by-products as a plant nutrient source or soil amendment
4. To reduce agricultural nonpoint source pollution of surface water and groundwater resources

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, etc.), are not eligible.

**Specifications**
1. Voluntary Nutrient Management Plans (VNMP) developed through this program must meet the minimum requirements set forth in ORC 905.31(DD)
2. VNMP may be developed by a 4R Certified Ag Retailer, Certified Crop Advisor (CCA), Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD), or producer
3. Plans must be reviewed and approved by the local SWCD Board of Supervisors or director’s designee
4. Producers utilizing a 4R Certified Ag Retailer, who is a director’s designee, will need to submit their nutrient management plan to the local SWCD
5. Average yield goals shall be used for phosphorus and potassium fertilizer recommendations

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. For VNMP not developed by SWCD, submit completed VNMP to SWCD for review and or approval
2. For VNMP developed by SWCD, provide soil test reports, crop rotation, yields, proposed nutrient sources, and timing of nutrient application to SWCD
3. Make nutrient application records available to the SWCD for review and compliance with VNMP

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer, determine eligibility, document plan on BMP Worksheet and complete the agreement
2. Develop VNMP (if requested by the producer) using the Ohio VNMP Spreadsheet
3. Refer non-approved VNMP back to the producer for edits and re-submittal to meet ORC 905.31 (DD)
4. Review VNMP’s submitted by producers and make recommendations to the SWCD board for plan approval, if not already approved by director’s designee
5. Enter all required information into Beehive
6. Review nutrient application records annually and certify records are consistent with approved VNMP
7. Process payment to the producer

**Participant Payments**
Producers may receive up to $10/ac for this practice. Producers will receive $2/ac upon approval of VNMP from the SWCD. Producers will receive an additional $2/ac annually, for up to four years, after nutrient application records have been reviewed and certified each year.

Revised: 2020-02-12

Initials
1. Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan Development & Implementation

Recordkeeping Requirements

All applicators/producers shall maintain nutrient application records. For each application of nutrients applied for the primary purpose of agricultural production, the applicator/producer shall document the following information within twenty-four hours of application:

1. The date of the application of nutrients;
2. The place of application of nutrients;
3. The number of acres applied;
4. The rate of application of nutrients;
5. The total amount of nutrients applied, by weight or volume;
6. An analysis of the nutrients applied;
7. The name of the individual who applied the nutrients;
8. The name of the certificate holder, if applicable;
9. The soil conditions at the time of the application;
10. The type of application method (soil injected, incorporated, surface, etc.);
11. The weather conditions at the time of application, including temperature and precipitation;
12. The weather forecast for the day following application; and
13. For surface application only, whether the land at the time of application was frozen and/or snow covered.

All individuals acting under the instructions and control of a certificate holder shall transmit all nutrient application records to the certificate holder within ten days of application.

Nutrient application records shall be maintained for a period of three years. If applicable, the employer of a certificate holder may elect to maintain the nutrient application records. If elected, the employer shall maintain the nutrient application records for a period of three years even if the employee-employer relationship has ended. The employer must make the records available to the certificate holder and the department of agriculture, upon request.

All fertilizer certificate holders shall transmit all nutrient application records to the farm operator within thirty days of application.

Fertilizer certificate holders are not required to submit these records to the director, but the records shall be made available to the director or the director’s designee for review upon request.
2. Variable Rate Phosphorus Application

**Purpose**
1. To maximize nutrient use efficiency
2. To budget, supply, and conserve nutrients for plant production
3. To minimize risk of agricultural nonpoint source pollution of surface water and groundwater resources
4. To maintain or improve the physical, chemical, and biological condition of soil

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, etc.) are not eligible.

**Specifications**
1. The producer has an approved Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan (VNMP)
2. Grids may be no greater than six acres, zones may be no greater than 12 acres
3. All phosphorus nutrients will be variable rate applied, consistent with prescription provided
4. Phosphorus prescriptions and applications shall not exceed two-year crop recommendations
5. Producer is eligible for payment in fields where phosphorus variable rate application is completed
6. If prescription calls for no phosphorus application, that field is not eligible for variable rate application
7. Broadcast applications of wheat starter are ineligible
8. A geo-referenced as-applied map will be submitted to the local SWCD
9. Producers may apply for up to four years of funding for this practice

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. Provide VNMP to SWCD
2. Provide SWCD with documentation of how the variable rate application will be accomplished (nutrient application equipment, custom applicator, proposed ag retailer)
3. Provide geo-referenced as-applied nutrient application map to SWCD for review annually

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer, determine eligibility, and complete the agreement
2. Complete BMP Worksheet to document application plan
3. Verify the prescription and as-applied documentation
4. Enter all required information into Beehive
5. Process payment to the producer

**Participant Payments**
Producers will receive $8/ac per year, up to four years, after completion of all practice requirements.
2. Variable Rate Phosphorus Application

Recordkeeping Requirements

All applicators/producers shall maintain nutrient application records. For each application of nutrients applied for the primary purpose of agricultural production, the applicator/producer shall document the following information within twenty-four hours of application:

1. The date of the application of fertilizer;
2. The place of application of fertilizer;
3. The number of acres applied;
4. The rate of application of fertilizer;
5. The total amount of fertilizer applied, by weight or volume;
6. An analysis of the fertilizer applied;
7. The name of the individual who applied the fertilizer;
8. The name of the certificate holder, if applicable;
9. The soil conditions at the time of the application;
10. The type of application method (soil injected, incorporated, surface, etc.);
11. The weather conditions at the time of application, including temperature and precipitation;
12. The weather forecast for the day following application; and
13. For surface application only, whether the land at the time of application was frozen and/or snow covered.

All individuals acting under the instructions and control of a certificate holder shall transmit all fertilizer application records to the certificate holder within ten days of application.

Nutrient application records shall be maintained for a period of three years. If applicable, the employer of a certificate holder may elect to maintain the nutrient application records. If elected, the employer shall maintain the nutrient application records for a period of three years even if the employee-employer relationship has ended. The employer must make the records available to the certificate holder and the department of agriculture, upon request.

All fertilizer certificate holders shall transmit all nutrient application records to the farm operator within thirty days of application.

Fertilizer certificate holders are not required to submit these records to the director, but the records shall be made available to the director or the director's designee for review upon request.
3. Subsurface Phosphorus Placement

**Purpose**
1. To encourage agricultural producers to utilize nutrient application equipment that places nutrients below the soil surface
2. To reduce risk of agricultural nonpoint source pollution of surface water and groundwater resources

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres enrolled in Manure Incorporation are not eligible for Subsurface Fertilizer Placement. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, etc.) are not eligible.

**Specifications**
1. The producer has an approved Voluntary Nutrient Management Plan (VNMP) with the local SWCD
2. Producer must provide detailed plan of fertilizer and placement equipment to be used to achieve program requirements
3. For the length of the agreement, all phosphorus will be placed a minimum of two inches below the surface for each acre contracted
   a. Phosphorus rates shall not exceed more than two years Tri-State Fertilizer Recommendation
   b. Phosphorus may be placed in multiple applications, if the total amount does not exceed VNMP
   c. Wheat starter at removal rate is exempt from the placement requirement, however, no placement payment will be made for that crop year
4. Subsurface placement equipment includes, but is not limited to; planter, sidedress, strip-till or nutrient placement toolbars
5. Broadcasting and incorporation of phosphorus is not eligible
6. Producers will only be paid for acres on which fertilizer is prescribed and applied in accordance with Tri-State Fertilizer Recommendations
7. Potassium may be broadcast
8. Producers may apply for up to four years of funding for this practice

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. Provide VNMP to SWCD
2. Provide SWCD with documentation of how the nutrient placement will be accomplished (nutrient application equipment, custom applicator, proposed ag retailer)
3. Provide as-applied nutrient application documentation to SWCD for review annually

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer, determine eligibility, and complete the agreement
2. Complete BMP Worksheet to document application plan
3. Verify the prescription and as-applied documentation
4. Enter all required information into Beehive
5. Process payment to the producer

**Participant Payments**
Producers will receive $30/ac per year for as-applied acres, after completion of all practice requirements.

Revised: 2020-02-12

______ Initials
3. Subsurface Phosphorus Placement

**Recordkeeping Requirements**

All applicators/producers shall maintain nutrient application records. For each application of nutrients applied for the primary purpose of agricultural production, the applicator/producer shall document the following information within twenty-four hours of application:

1. The date of the application of fertilizer;
2. The place of application of fertilizer;
3. The number of acres applied;
4. The rate of application of fertilizer;
5. The total amount of fertilizer applied, by weight or volume;
6. An analysis of the fertilizer applied;
7. The name of the individual who applied the fertilizer;
8. The name of the certificate holder, if applicable;
9. The soil conditions at the time of the application;
10. The type of application method (soil injected, incorporated, surface, etc.);
11. The weather conditions at the time of application, including temperature and precipitation;
12. The weather forecast for the day following application; and
13. For surface application only, whether the land at the time of application was frozen and/or snow covered.

All individuals acting under the instructions and control of a certificate holder shall transmit all fertilizer application records to the certificate holder within ten days of application.

Nutrient application records shall be maintained for a period of three years. If applicable, the employer of a certificate holder may elect to maintain the nutrient application records. If elected, the employer shall maintain the nutrient application records for a period of three years even if the employee-employer relationship has ended. The employer must make the records available to the certificate holder and the department of agriculture, upon request.

All fertilizer certificate holders shall transmit all nutrient application records to the farm operator within thirty days of application.

Fertilizer certificate holders are not required to submit these records to the director, but the records shall be made available to the director or the director’s designee for review upon request.

Revised: 2020-02-12

______ Initials
4. Manure Incorporation

Purpose
1. To encourage the application and incorporation of manure into a growing crop or to apply manure in the late summer to early fall timeframe
2. To better utilize nitrogen and phosphorus contained in manure
3. To reduce the risk of manure and nutrient runoff

Applicability
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres enrolled in Subsurface Fertilizer Placement are not eligible for Manure Incorporation. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, WL Small Grains, etc.) are not eligible.

Specifications
1. Producer must provide a nutrient management plan consistent with Ohio NRCS 590 Standard
2. Manure application is consistent with the requirements established in Ohio NRCS 590 Standard
3. Manure cannot be surface applied to frozen, snow-covered or saturated soils
4. Manure cannot be surface applied when the local weather forecast for the application area contains greater than a 50% chance of precipitation exceeding one-half inch in a 24-hour period
5. Fields receiving manure must have soil tests showing Bray P1 levels of 50 ppm or less. Grid sampled fields must have an average Bray P1 soil test phosphorus of 50 ppm or less (Mehlich-III soil test level of 70 ppm or less)
6. Manure applied for this practice must originate in the county of application or from within the Maumee watershed
7. Manure application must be accomplished consistent with one of the following methods and timing
   a. Manure is applied via side dress injection to a growing corn crop after emergence
   b. Manure is surface applied to a growing corn crop after emergence and incorporated using a row cultivator within 24 hours of application
   c. Manure is surface applied after the harvest of a crop and incorporated within 24 hours of application; furthermore, all incorporation shall be completed prior to October 15
   d. Manure is injected directly into the soil through a strip-till toolbar or similar tool with minimal surface disruption after harvest and prior to October 15
8. All manure will be placed a minimum of two inches below the surface
9. Surface applied manure must be incorporated using a full-width disturbance tillage tool to mix the manure with the soil
10. A cover crop is required for manure applications completed after July 1 and where a growing crop is not present
11. If an overwintering cover crop is used, the producer may also be eligible for the Overwintering Cover Crop practice
12. Plant available nitrogen applied through the manure shall not exceed the nitrogen recommendations for the existing crop or the following years planned crop, whichever is applicable. If the following crop is a legume, nitrogen can be applied at the nitrogen removal rate for the legume crop up to a maximum of 150 pounds of plant available nitrogen
13. All manure applications and incorporation must be completed by October 15
14. Producers may apply for up to four years of funding for this practice

Revised: 2020-02-12

_______ Initials
4. Manure Incorporation

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**

1. Producer must have a current approved VNMP on file with the SWCD
2. Provide a manure application plan detailing the fields where application will be completed which includes crop rotation, application timing, application rates, application methods, and a representative manure analysis
3. Obtain approval (confirmation) of the manure application plan from the SWCD
4. Notify the SWCD 24 to 48 hours prior to manure application
5. Follow applicable guidelines and setbacks for manure application set forth in Ohio NRCS 590 Standard Nutrient Management
6. Manure application must be consistent with any other applicable permits or local requirements
7. Obtain a copy of the weather forecast for the day and location of each manure application
8. Incorporate surface applied manure within 24 hours of manure application
9. Provide a copy of the manure application records, manure analysis, and weather forecast to the SWCD for review annually

**SWCD Responsibilities**

1. Receive application from the producer and complete the contract
2. Verify the VNMP submitted is consistent with the NRCS Nutrient Management Standard, and document the application plan on the BMP Worksheet
3. Develop, review and approve the manure application plan annually using the Producer Guidelines for Manure Application Spreadsheet
4. Review manure application plan and applicable guidelines in NRCS Nutrient Management Standard upon manure application notification from the producer
5. Confirm manure application and placement or incorporation with producer
6. Review application records and forecast from producer to ensure applications are consistent with application plan and VNMP
7. Enter all required information into Beehive
8. Process payment to producer

**Participant Payments**

Participants will receive $35/ac for poultry manure application and incorporations, and $60/ac for all other manure applications and incorporation. Payment will be made on acres where manure application was completed. Payments will be made annually after all requirements have been verified.

Revised: 2020-02-12

______ Initials
### 4. Manure Incorporation

Adapted from NRCS Appendix A - Seeding Tables. 11-19-19 – See Appendix A for additional guidance on establishment, maintenance, termination

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seeding Rates in Pounds PLS (Percentage of Mix)</th>
<th>Seeding depth (in)</th>
<th>North</th>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Rye</td>
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<td>100%</td>
<td>75%</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Triticale</td>
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<td>48</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Ryegrass</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Barley</td>
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<td>30</td>
</tr>
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<td>Oats</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oilseed Radish</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapeseed/Canola/Kale³</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Turnip</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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</tr>
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<td>Winter Pea</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hairy Vetch</td>
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<td>Sorghum-Sudangrass</td>
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<td>Soybean</td>
<td>No</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Dates adapted to meet program seeding requirements

1. Overwintering only when planted during the fall dates and establishment. Winter kill may occur
2. Do not plant until after the Hessian fly free date; dates varies from Sept 22 in northern Ohio to Oct 5 in southern Ohio. Wheat and spelt cover crops can be planted up to 20 days past the fly free date. See the Ohio Agronomy Guide for specific county dates.
3. Fall planted varieties planted in the fall are “non-winter killed”; spring planted varieties planted in the fall or spring are winter killed.
4. In order to meet the intent and definition of cover crops (seasonal vegetative cover) alfalfa must be terminated and managed as an annual. Alfalfa planted to provide forage for Conservation Crop Rotation – Forages must be maintained for a minimum of 2 years and meet guidelines for that program.

Revised: 2020-02-12

_____ Initials
Recordkeeping Requirements

All applicators/producers shall maintain nutrient application records. For each application of nutrients applied for the primary purpose of agricultural production, the applicator/producer shall document the following information within twenty-four hours of application:

1. The date of the application of manure;
2. The place of application of manure;
3. The number of acres applied;
4. The rate of application of manure;
5. The total amount of fertilizer applied, by weight or volume;
6. An analysis of the manure applied;
7. The name of the individual who applied the manure;
8. The name of the certificate holder, if applicable;
9. The soil conditions at the time of the application;
10. The type of application method (soil injected, incorporated, surface, etc.);
11. The weather conditions at the time of application, including temperature and precipitation;
12. The weather forecast for the day following application; and
13. For surface application only, whether the land at the time of application was frozen and/or snow covered.

All individuals acting under the instructions and control of a certificate holder shall transmit all nutrient application records to the certificate holder within ten days of application.

Nutrient application records shall be maintained for a period of three years. If applicable, the employer of a certificate holder may elect to maintain the nutrient application records. If elected, the employer shall maintain the nutrient application records for a period of three years even if the employee-employer relationship has ended. The employer must make the records available to the certificate holder and the department of agriculture, upon request.

All fertilizer certificate holders shall transmit all nutrient application records to the farm operator within thirty days of application.

Fertilizer certificate holders are not required to submit these records to the director, but the records shall be made available to the director or the director's designee for review upon request.
5a. Conservation Crop Rotation – Small Grains

**Purpose**
1. Encourage agriculture producers to establish a soil conserving small grain crop in a crop rotation
2. Reduce sheet, rill, and wind erosion
3. Reduce water quality degradation due to excess nutrients
4. Increase cropping system diversity

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres receiving a payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, WL Small Grain, etc.) are not eligible. Practice is limited to no more than one third of the applicants total cropland acres.

**Specifications:**
1. Small grains are winter annuals (wheat, barley, rye, etc.)
2. Crop must be harvested as a grain, crop cannot be harvested as a forage
3. A cover crop or double crop is required to be planted following the harvest of the small grain crop
   a. Cover crops or double crop must be planted by October 15
   b. Seeding rates and dates for cover crops shall follow NRCS Appendix A (11-19-19) seeding table
   c. If an overwintering cover crop is used, the producer may also be eligible for the Overwintering Cover Crop practice
4. All nutrients must be applied in accordance with approved VNMP
   a. No manure shall be applied following the seeding of the cover crop nor prior to March 15
   b. Fertilizer may be placed a minimum of two inches below the soil surface with a placement tool or by strip tillage providing cover crop residue is maintained outside the placement area
   c. No broadcast fertilizer applications are allowed during the time period the cover crop or double crop is required to be maintained
5. Crop residue must be maintained until March 15, no fall or winter full width tillage is allowed
6. Producers may sign up for four years of funding for this practice

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. Provide VNMP to SWCD
2. Provide acres and field maps where small grain and subsequent cover crop or double crops are established
3. Provide seed tags (including: % purity, % germ., % weed seed, Ohio noxious weed content) and bills for the cover crop or double crop

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer and complete agreement
2. Determine eligibility, excluding any existing acres where a small grains are already established, document plan on BMP Worksheet
3. Enter all required information into Beehive
4. Verify small grain is established and harvested as a grain
5. Verify that a subsequent cover crop or double crop is established, and residue maintained until March 15.
6. Process payment to producer

**Participant Payments**
Participants will receive $35/ac payment after completion of all program requirements are met.

Revised: 2020-01-23

_______ Initials
5a. Conservation Crop Rotation – Small Grains
Adapted from NRCS Appendix A - Seeding Tables. 11-19-19 – See Appendix A for additional guidance on establishment, maintenance, termination

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Overwintering¹</th>
<th>100%</th>
<th>75%</th>
<th>50%</th>
<th>33%</th>
<th>25%</th>
<th>Seeding depth (in)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Winter Rye</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>59</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>Mustards</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<td>0.75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alfalfa⁴</td>
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<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
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<td>5-15 to 7-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pearl Millet</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>5-15 to 7-20</td>
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<td>Japanese Millet</td>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>5-15 to 7-20</td>
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<td>Buckwheat</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>6-15 to 8-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berseem Clover</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>5-15 to 8-15</td>
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<td>Soybean</td>
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<td>40</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>6-15 to 8-15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Dates adapted to meet program seeding requirements
1. Overwintering only when planted during the fall dates and establishment. Winter kill may occur
2. Do not plant until after the Hessian fly free date; dates varies from Sept 22 in northern Ohio to Oct 5 in southern Ohio. Wheat and spelt cover crops can be planted up to 20 days past the fly free date. See the Ohio Agronomy Guide for specific county dates.
3. Fall planted varieties planted in the fall are “non-winter killed”; spring planted varieties planted in the fall or spring are winter killed.
4. In order to meet the intent and definition of cover crops (seasonal vegetative cover) alfalfa must be terminated and managed as an annual. Alfalfa planted to provide forage crops for Conservation Crop Rotation – Forages must be maintained for a minimum of 2 years and meet guidelines for that program.

Revised: 2020-01-23

______ Initials
5b. Conservation Crop Rotation – Forages

Purpose
1. Encourage agriculture producers to establish a soil conserving forage crop in their crop rotation
2. Reduce sheet, rill, and wind erosion
3. Reduce water quality degradation due to excess nutrients
4. Increase cropping system diversity

Applicability
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Existing cropland acres where forage crops are established is not eligible for payment. Acres receiving a payment under any other county, state or federal program for (CSP, EQIP, WL Buffer, etc.) are not eligible.

Specifications:
1. Perennial forages must be established in the rotation
3. Manure and/or fertilizer applications, following the approved VNMP, are permitted between March 15 and October 15
4. Practice must be maintained a minimum of two years from the date of practice installation.
5. Residual forage height must be a minimum of four inches height by October 15 each year
6. Residual forage must be maintained during the non-growing season
7. Grazing according to a Grazing Management Plan between March 15 and October 15 is permitted
8. Producer may enroll for a minimum of two years and no more than four years of funding for this practice

Technical Responsibilities
Producer Responsibilities
1. Provide VNMP to SWCD
2. Provide acres and field maps of forage established
3. Provide seed tags (including: % purity, % germ., % weed seed, Ohio noxious weed content) for forages

SWCD Responsibilities
1. Receive application from the producer and complete agreement
2. Determine eligibility, excluding any existing acres where a forage crop is already established, document plan on BMP Worksheet
3. Enter all required information into Beehive
4. Verify overwintering forage crop is established and maintained, annually for the life of the practice
5. Process payment to producer

Participant Payments
Participants will receive $35/ac payment annually, for up to four years when verification of all program requirements are met.

Revised: 2020-02-12

______ Initials
### 5b. Conservation Crop Rotation – Forages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plant Species</th>
<th>Pure Live Seeding Rate (lb/ac)</th>
<th>Seeding depth (in)</th>
<th>Seeding Dates¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pure Stand ¾ ½ ¾ ¼</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cool Season Growth ³</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Legumes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fescue, Tall</td>
<td>15 11 8 5 4</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Festulolium</td>
<td>25 19 13 8 6</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garrison Creeping Foxtail</td>
<td>6 5 3 2 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky Bluegrass</td>
<td>10 8 5 3 3</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Fescue</td>
<td>16 12 8 5 4</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchardgrass</td>
<td>10 8 5 3 3</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perennial Ryegrass</td>
<td>24 18 12 8 6</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reed Canarygrass</td>
<td>10 8 5 3 3</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smooth Bromegrass</td>
<td>16 12 8 5 4</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy</td>
<td>8 6 4 3 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>3-15 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 9-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forage Chicory</td>
<td>6 5 3 2 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 5-1 to 8-1 to 8-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Legumes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>15 11 7 5 4</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 5-1 or 8-1 to 8-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alsike Clover</td>
<td>9 7 5 3 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>2-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birdsfoot trefoil</td>
<td>9 7 5 3 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kura clover</td>
<td>6 5 3 2 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>11 8 5 4 3</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>2-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover, Ladino</td>
<td>5 4 3 2 1</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>2-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover, Dutch</td>
<td>5 4 3 2 1</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>2-1 to 5-1 or 7-20 to 8-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Warm Season Growth ⁴</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Legumes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big Bluestem</td>
<td>12 9 6 4 3</td>
<td>⅛ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Bluestem</td>
<td>10 8 5 3 3</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caucasian bluestem</td>
<td>2 2 1 1 1</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Gamagrass</td>
<td>9 7 5 3 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiangrass</td>
<td>12 9 6 4 3</td>
<td>⅛ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switchgrass</td>
<td>9 7 5 3 2</td>
<td>¼ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Legumes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lespedeza, sericea</td>
<td>20 15 10 7 5</td>
<td>⅛ in</td>
<td>4-1 to 6-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Planting depth is critical for successful establishment. Many failures result from planting too deeply.
2. Northern Ohio = Generally North of I70 - Southern Ohio = South of I70
3. For cool season species dormant seeding can be planned between Dec 1 to Mar 14; interceding clovers into existing grass stands are recommended from Feb to early Mar.
4. For warm season species dormant seeding can be planned between Nov 1 to Mar 14.
5. Invasive without proper management.
6. Consider planting low alkaloid varieties or endophyte free or endophyte friendly varieties.
7. Do not plant until after the Hessian fly free date: Varies from Sept 22 in Northern Ohio to Oct 5 in Southern Ohio. See the Ohio Agronomy Guide for specific date.

Revised: 2020-02-12

_____ initials
6. Overwintering Cover Crops

**Purpose**
1. Encourage agriculture producers to establish an overwintering cover crop
2. Reduce sheet, rill, and wind erosion
3. Reduce water quality degradation due to excess nutrients
4. Increase cropping system diversity

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program (CSP, EQIP, WL Small Grains, etc.) are not eligible.

**Specifications**
1. Establish overwintering cover crop no later than October 15
2. The completed practice must meet the criteria for seeding, establishment and maintenance per NRCS Appendix A, including seed quality and testing requirements
3. Seed mix must include a minimum of 50% of full rate of an overwintering species
4. Cover crop must be maintained until March 15
5. Crop can be harvested as a forage or grazed after March 15
6. Manure and/or fertilizer, based on the VNMP, may be applied prior to seeding or after March 15
   a. Manure shall not be applied on frozen, snow-covered or saturated soils or applied when the local weather forecast for the application area contains greater than a 50% chance of precipitation exceeding one-half inch in a 24 hour period
   b. Fertilizer shall not be applied on frozen, snow-covered or saturated soils or applied when the local weather forecast for the application area contains greater than a 50% chance of precipitation exceeding one inch in a 12 hour period
7. Producers may sign up for four years of this practice

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. Provide VNMP to SWCD
2. Provide acres and field maps where cover crop is established
3. Provide seed tags or seed tests (including: % purity, % germ., % weed seed, Ohio noxious weed content) and bills for the cover crop

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer and complete contract
2. Determine eligibility, excluding any existing acres where cover crops are already established, document plan on BMP Worksheet
3. Enter all required information into Beehive
4. Conduct site visits to verify overwintering cover crop are established and maintained until March 15
5. Process payment to producer

**Participant Payments**
Participants will receive $25/ac payment annually, when verification of all program requirements are met.

Revised: 2020-01-23

______ Initials
6. Overwintering Cover Crops

Adapted from NRCS Appendix A - Seeding Tables. 11-19-19 – See Appendix A for additional guidance on establishment, maintenance, termination

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Seeding Rates in Pounds PLS (Percentage of Mix)</th>
<th>Seeding depth (in)</th>
<th>North</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Overwintering¹</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Rye</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Barley</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Wheat</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Triticale</td>
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<td>60</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spelt</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>64</td>
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<tr>
<td>Annual Ryegrass</td>
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<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oilseed Radish</td>
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<td>NR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rapeseed/Canola/Kale³</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mustards</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alfalfa⁴</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Clover</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Sweet Clover</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Pea</td>
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<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hairy Vetch</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sorghum-Sudangrass</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sudangrass</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pearl Millet</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Millet</td>
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<td>Buckwheat</td>
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<td>NR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cowpea</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunn Hemp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Berseem Clover</td>
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<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybean</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Dates adapted to meet program seeding requirements

1. Overwintering only when planted during the fall dates and establishment. Winter kill may occur
2. Do not plant until after the Hessian fly free date; dates varies from Sept 22 in northern Ohio to Oct 5 in southern Ohio. Wheat and spelt cover crops can be planted up to 20 days past the fly free date. See the Ohio Agronomy Guide for specific county dates.
3. Fall planted varieties planted in the fall are “non-winter killed”; spring planted varieties planted in the fall or spring are winter killed.
4. In order to meet the intent and definition of cover crops (seasonal vegetative cover) alfalfa must be terminated and managed as an annual. Alfalfa planted to provide forage for Conservation Crop Rotation – Forages must be maintained for a minimum of 2 years and meet guidelines for that program.

Revised: 2020-01-23

Initials
7. Drainage Water Management

**Purpose**
1. Encourage producers to install and manage water control structures
2. Reduce nutrient loading to downstream receiving waters

**Applicability**
Applies to cropland acres in the 14-county project area. Acres receiving payment under any other county, state or federal program for Drainage Water Management (EQIP, LE-NRP, etc.) are not eligible.

**Specifications**
1. Outlet pipe needs to be a minimum of six inches in diameter
2. Outlet structures need to be installed per engineering plan
3. Minimum 10 acres controllable area based on a 30 inches control height with out submain installation
4. Minimum 20 acres controllable area based on a 30 inches control height with submain installation
5. Structures should not be installed on a main tile that drains another landowners land, unless written permission is obtained from the upstream landowners
6. Producer will provide SWCD or DSWC access to the control structure

**Technical Responsibilities**

**Producer Responsibilities**
1. Provide tile maps and any necessary written permissions from upstream landowners
2. Install structure per provided design
3. Manage structure in accordance with provided management plan and provide documentation annually for four years

**SWCD Responsibilities**
1. Receive application from the producer, document plan on BMP Worksheet, and complete contract
2. Locate sites to install practices
3. Enter all required information into Beehive
4. Obtain landowner agreement
5. Obtain current drainage tile plan
6. Design and lay out structures
7. Oversee construction
8. Verify structures are closed per the provided management plan annually for four years
9. Process payment to producer

**Participant Payments**
Producer will receive $1,500 per site without submain installation. Producer will receive $4,000 per site with submain installation. Producer will receive an additional $200/structure/year, in years two, three and four, after operation and management records have been reviewed and certified by the SWCD.

Revised: 2020-01-23